

Appendix 13.6

Groundwater Analysis

Arup
50 Ringsend Road
Dublin 4
Ireland
D04 T6X0



4225



Attention : Joy Wamagata
Date : 6th May, 2025
Your reference : 307174-05
Our reference : Test Report 25/6430 Batch 1
Location : Indaver Ringaskiddy
Date samples received : 22nd April, 2025
Status : Final Report
Issue : 202505061155

Two samples were received for analysis on 22nd April, 2025 of which two were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.

All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

The greenhouse gas emissions generated (in Carbon – Co2e) to obtain the results in this report are estimated as:

Scope 1&2 emissions - 7.24 kg of CO2

Scope 1&2&3 emissions - 17.11 kg of CO2

Authorised By:



Sean English
Project Coordinator

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Joy Wamagata
EMT Job No: 25/6430

Report : Liquid

Liquids/products: V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle
 H=H₂SO₄, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO₃

EMT Sample No.	1-8	9-16										
Sample ID	RC04	RC05										
Depth												
COC No / misc												
Containers	V H H N P BOD G	V H H N P BOD G										
Sample Date	16/04/2025 12:45	16/04/2025 11:30										
Sample Type	Ground Water	Ground Water										
Batch Number	1	1										
Date of Receipt	22/04/2025	22/04/2025										
										LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
Dissolved Arsenic #	<0.9	1.3								<0.9	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Barium #	1.9	8.4								<1.8	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Boron	39	118								<12	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Cadmium #	<0.03	<0.03								<0.03	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Calcium #	20.6	69.8								<0.2	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Total Dissolved Chromium #	<0.2	<0.2								<0.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Copper #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Total Dissolved Iron #	<4.7	<4.7								<4.7	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Lead #	<0.4	<0.4								<0.4	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Magnesium #	6.5	14.2								<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Manganese #	3.9	16.0								<1.5	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Mercury #	<0.5	<0.5								<0.5	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Molybdenum #	0.4	0.2								<0.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Nickel #	0.4	0.2								<0.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Phosphorus #	13.0	17.5								<0.7	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Potassium #	1.1	5.4								<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Selenium #	<1.2	<1.2								<1.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Sodium #	15.5	33.0								<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Zinc #	7	<3								<3	ug/l	TM30/PM14
PAH MS												
Naphthalene #	<0.1	<0.1								<0.1	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Acenaphthylene #	<0.005	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Acenaphthene #	<0.005	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Fluorene #	<0.005	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Phenanthrene #	0.019	0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Anthracene #	0.006	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Fluoranthene #	0.051	0.010								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Pyrene #	0.042	0.008								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(a)anthracene #	0.025	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Chrysene #	0.020	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(bk)fluoranthene #	0.041	<0.008								<0.008	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(a)pyrene #	0.029	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Indeno(123cd)pyrene #	0.020	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Dibenzo(ah)anthracene #	<0.005	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(ghi)perylene #	0.017	<0.005								<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
PAH 16 Total #	0.270	<0.173								<0.173	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.030	<0.008								<0.008	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.011	<0.008								<0.008	ug/l	TM4/PM30
PAH Surrogate % Recovery	77	81								<0	%	TM4/PM30
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether #	<0.1	<0.1								<0.1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Benzene #	<0.5	<0.5								<0.5	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Toluene #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM15/PM10

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Joy Wamagata
EMT Job No: 25/6430

Report : Liquid

Liquids/products: V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle
 H=H₂SO₄, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO₃

EMT Sample No.	1-8	9-16										
Sample ID	RC04	RC05										
Depth												
COC No / misc												
Containers	V H H N P B O D G	V H H N P B O D G										
Sample Date	16/04/2025 12:45	16/04/2025 11:30										
Sample Type	Ground Water	Ground Water										
Batch Number	1	1										
Date of Receipt	22/04/2025	22/04/2025										
										LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
Ethylbenzene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
m/p-Xylene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
o-Xylene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery Toluene D8	103	99								<0	%	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery 4-Bromofluorobenzene	99	97								<0	%	TM15/PM10
EPH (C8-C40) (EH_1D_Total) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM30
Mineral Oil (C10-C40)	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
TPH CWG												
Aliphatics												
>C5-C6 (HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C6-C8 (HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C8-C10 (HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C10-C12 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C12-C16 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C16-C21 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C21-C35 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aliphatics C5-35 (EH_CU+HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Aromatics												
>C5-EC7 (HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC7-EC8 (HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC8-EC10 (HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC10-EC12 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC12-EC16 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC16-EC21 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC21-EC35 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aromatics C5-35 (EH_CU+HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aliphatics and aromatics (C5-35) (EH_CU+HS_1D_Total) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Sulphate as SO ₄ #	16.3	44.0								<0.5	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Chloride #	22.3	42.9								<0.3	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Nitrate as NO ₃ #	15.9	9.4								<0.2	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Nitrite as NO ₂ #	<0.02	0.25								<0.02	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Total Cyanide #	<0.01	<0.01								<0.01	mg/l	TM89/PM0
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N	0.03	0.29								<0.01	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Hexavalent Chromium	<0.002	<0.002								<0.002	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Total Dissolved Chromium III	<0.002	<0.002								<0.002	mg/l	NONE/NONE
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃ #	72	208								<1	mg/l	TM75/PM0
BOD (Settled) #	<1	<1								<1	mg/l	TM58/PM0

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Joy Wamagata
EMT Job No: 25/6430

Report : Liquid

Liquids/products: V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle
H=H₂SO₄, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO₃

[illegible]

Client Name: Arup
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QF-PM 3.1.3 v11

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Joy Wamagata
EMT Job No: 25/6430

VOC Report : Liquid

EMT Sample No.	1-8	9-16										
Sample ID	RC04	RC05										
Depth												
COC No / misc												
Containers	V H H N N P BOD G	V H H N N P BOD G										
Sample Date	16/04/2025 12:45	16/04/2025 11:30										
Sample Type	Ground Water	Ground Water										
Batch Number	1	1										
Date of Receipt	22/04/2025	22/04/2025										
	LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.									
VOC MS												
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether #	<0.1	<0.1								<0.1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chloromethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Vinyl Chloride #	<0.1	<0.1								<0.1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromomethane	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chloroethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Trichlorofluoromethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1 DCE) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Dichloromethane (DCM) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
trans-1-2-Dichloroethene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1-Dichloroethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
cis-1-2-Dichloroethene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
2,2-Dichloropropane	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromochloromethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chloroform #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1-Dichloropropene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Carbon tetrachloride #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dichloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Benzene #	<0.5	<0.5								<0.5	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Trichloroethene (TCE) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dichloropropane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Dibromomethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromodichloromethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
cis-1-3-Dichloropropene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Toluene #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM15/PM10
trans-1-3-Dichloropropene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Tetrachloroethene (PCE) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,3-Dichloropropane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Dibromochloromethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dibromoethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chlorobenzene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Ethylbenzene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
m/p-Xylene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
o-Xylene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Styrene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromoform #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Isopropylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<4	<4								<4	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromobenzene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,3-Trichloropropane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Propylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
2-Chlorotoluene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
4-Chlorotoluene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
tert-Butylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
sec-Butylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
4-Isopropyltoluene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,4-Dichlorobenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
n-Butylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dichlorobenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Hexachlorobutadiene	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Naphthalene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery Toluene D8	103	99								<0	%	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery 4-Bromofluorobenzene	99	97								<0	%	TM15/PM10

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Element Materials Technology

Notification of Deviating Samples

Client Name:	Arup
Reference:	307174-05
Location:	Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact:	Joy Wamagata

Notification of Deviating Samples

Matrix : Liquid

[illegible]

Please note that only samples that are deviating are mentioned in this report. If no samples are listed it is because none were deviating. Only analyses which are accredited are recorded as deviating if set criteria are not met.

It is a requirement under ISO 17025 that we inform clients if samples are deviating i.e. outside what is expected. A deviating sample indicates that the sample 'may' be compromised but not necessarily will be compromised. The result is still accredited and our analytical reports will still show accreditation on the relevant analytes.

NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 25/6430

SOILS and ASH

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary. Asbestos samples are retained for 6 months.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C. Ash samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCl (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overestimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

STACK EMISSIONS

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation for Dioxins and Furans and Dioxin like PCBs has been performed on XAD-2 Resin, only samples which use this resin will be within our MCERTS scope.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a requirement of our Accreditation Body for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation.

Laboratory records are kept for a period of no less than 6 years.

REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

Customer Provided Information

Sample ID and depth is information provided by the customer.

Age of Diesel

The age of release estimation is based on the nC17/pristane ratio only as prescribed by Christensen and Larsen (1993) and Kaplan, Galperin, Alimi et al., (1996).

Age estimation should be treated with caution as it can be influenced by site specific factors of which the laboratory are not aware.

Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs)

Where Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) are reported, up to 10 Tentatively Identified Compounds will be listed where there is found to be a greater than 80% match with the NIST library. The reported concentration is determined semi-quantitatively, with a matrix specific limit of detection.

Note, other compounds may be present but are not reported.

ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED

#	ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK.
SA	ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa
B	Indicates analyte found in associated method blank.
DR	Dilution required.
M	MCERTS accredited.
NA	Not applicable
NAD	No Asbestos Detected.
ND	None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs).
NDP	No Determination Possible
SS	Calibrated against a single substance
SV	Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect.
W	Results expressed on as received basis.
+	AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page.
>>	Results above quantitative calibration range. The result should be considered the minimum value and is indicative only. The actual result could be significantly higher.
*	Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory.
CO	Suspected carry over
LOD/LOR	Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS
ME	Matrix Effect
NFD	No Fibres Detected
BS	AQC Sample
LB	Blank Sample
N	Client Sample
TB	Trip Blank Sample
OC	Outside Calibration Range

HWOL ACRONYMS AND OPERATORS USED

HS	Headspace Analysis.
EH	Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent.
CU	Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel.
1D	GC - Single coil gas chromatography.
Total	Aliphatics & Aromatics.
AL	Aliphatics only.
AR	Aromatics only.
2D	GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography.
#1	EH_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted
#2	EU_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted
_	Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +).
+	Operator to indicate cumulative e.g. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total
MS	Mass Spectrometry.

EMT Job No: 25/6430

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM16/PM30	Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE/Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM16/PM30	Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE/Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5/TM36	please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details	PM12/PM16/PM30	please refer to PM16/PM30 and PM12 for method details	Yes			
TM15	Modified USEPA 8260B v2:1996. Quantitative Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by Headspace GC-MS.	PM10	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.				
TM15	Modified USEPA 8260B v2:1996. Quantitative Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by Headspace GC-MS.	PM10	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes			
TM16	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014. Quantitative determination of Semi-Volatile Organic compounds (SVOCs) by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM16	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014. Quantitative determination of Semi-Volatile Organic compounds (SVOCs) by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			

EMT Job No: 25/6430

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM20	Modified BS 1377-3:1990/USEPA 160.1/3 (TDS/TS: 1971) Gravimetric determination of Total Dissolved Solids/Total Solids	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometry): WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996	PM14	Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified				
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometry): WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996	PM14	Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified	Yes			
TM36	Modified US EPA method 8015B v2:1996. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GC/FID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results will be re-run using GC-MS to double check, when requested.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes			
TM37	Modified methods: TSS: USEPA 100.2 (1993); EN612:2003 and APHA SMEWW 2540D:1999 22nd Edition; VSS: USEPA 1684 (Jan 2001), USEPA 160.4 (1971) and SMEWW 2540E:1999 22nd Edition. Gravimetric determination of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) and Volatile Suspended Solids (VSS). Sample is filtered through a 1.5um pore size glass fibre filter and the resulting residue is dried and weighed at 105°C for TSS and 550°C for VSS.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) - All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013	PM0	No preparation is required.				
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) - All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM57	Modified US EPA Method 410.4. (Rev. 2.0 1993) Comparable with ISO 15705:2002. Chemical Oxygen Demand is determined by hot digestion with Potassium Dichromate and measured spectrophotometrically.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM58	APHA SMEWW 5210B:1999 22nd Edition. Comparable with ISO 5815:1989. Measurement of Biochemical Oxygen Demand. When cBOD (Carbonaceous BOD) is requested a nitrification inhibitor is added which prevents the oxidation of reduced forms of nitrogen, such as am	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM75	Modified US EPA method 310.1 (1978). Determination of Alkalinity by Metrohm automated titration analyser.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			

EMT Job No: 25/6430

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM89	Modified USEPA method OIA-1667 (1999). Determination of cyanide by Flow Injection Analyser. Where WAD cyanides are required a Ligand displacement step is carried out before analysis.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
NONE	No Method Code	NONE	No Method Code				

Arup
50 Ringsend Road
Dublin 4
Ireland
D04 T6X0



4225



Attention : Shona Furlong Whitfield
Date : 16th May, 2025
Your reference : 307174-05
Our reference : Test Report 25/7087 Batch 1
Location : Indaver Ringaskiddy
Date samples received : 2nd May, 2025
Status : Final Report
Issue : 202505161111

Two samples were received for analysis on 2nd May, 2025 of which two were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.

All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

The greenhouse gas emissions generated (in Carbon – Co2e) to obtain the results in this report are estimated as:

Scope 1&2 emissions - 7.53 kg of CO2

Scope 1&2&3 emissions - 17.794 kg of CO2

Authorised By:



Bruce Leslie
Project Manager

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Shona Furlong Whitfield
EMT Job No: 25/7087

Report : Liquid

Liquids/products: V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle
 H=H₂SO₄, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO₃

EMT Sample No.	1-10	11-20											
Sample ID	RC05	RC04											
Depth													
COC No / misc													
Containers	V H H N P BOD G BC	V H H N P BOD G BC											
Sample Date	30/04/2025 09:30	30/04/2025											
Sample Type	Ground Water	Ground Water											
Batch Number	1	1											
Date of Receipt	02/05/2025	02/05/2025											
											LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
Dissolved Arsenic #	<0.9	1.1									<0.9	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Barium #	6.5	<1.8									<1.8	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Boron	112	31									<12	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Cadmium #	<0.03	<0.03									<0.03	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Calcium #	74.3	20.6									<0.2	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Total Dissolved Chromium #	<0.2	<0.2									<0.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Copper #	<3	<3									<3	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Total Dissolved Iron #	<4.7	6.7									<4.7	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Lead #	<0.4	<0.4									<0.4	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Magnesium #	14.5	6.3									<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Manganese #	6.5	51.4									<1.5	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Mercury #	<0.5	<0.5									<0.5	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Molybdenum #	0.8	<0.2									<0.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Nickel #	<0.2	<0.2									<0.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Phosphorus #	16.7	9.8									<0.7	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Potassium #	5.3	1.1									<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Selenium #	<1.2	<1.2									<1.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Sodium #	34.2	16.2									<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Zinc #	<3	7									<3	ug/l	TM30/PM14
PAH MS													
Naphthalene #	<0.1	<0.1									<0.1	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Acenaphthylene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Acenaphthene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Fluorene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Phenanthrene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Anthracene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Fluoranthene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Pyrene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(a)anthracene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Chrysene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(bk)fluoranthene #	<0.008	<0.008									<0.008	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(a)pyrene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Indeno(123cd)pyrene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Dibenzo(ah)anthracene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(ghi)perylene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
PAH 16 Total #	<0.173	<0.173									<0.173	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	<0.008	<0.008									<0.008	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	<0.008	<0.008									<0.008	ug/l	TM4/PM30
PAH Surrogate % Recovery	79	78									<0	%	TM4/PM30
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether #	<0.1	<0.1									<0.1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Benzene #	<0.5	<0.5									<0.5	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Toluene #	<5	<5									<5	ug/l	TM15/PM10

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Shona Furlong Whitfield
EMT Job No: 25/7087

Report : Liquid

Liquids/products: V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle
 H=H₂SO₄, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO₃

EMT Sample No.	1-10	11-20										
Sample ID	RC05	RC04										
Depth												
COC No / misc												
Containers	V H H N P BOD G BC	V H H N P BOD G BC										
Sample Date	30/04/2025 09:30	30/04/2025										
Sample Type	Ground Water	Ground Water										
Batch Number	1	1										
Date of Receipt	02/05/2025	02/05/2025										
										LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
Ethylbenzene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
m/p-Xylene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
o-Xylene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery Toluene D8	116	115								<0	%	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery 4-Bromofluorobenzene	102	100								<0	%	TM15/PM10
EPH (C8-C40) (EH_1D_Total) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM30
Mineral Oil (C10-C40)	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
TPH CWG												
Aliphatics												
>C5-C6 (HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C6-C8 (HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C8-C10 (HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C10-C12 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C12-C16 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C16-C21 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C21-C35 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aliphatics C5-35 (EH_CU+HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Aromatics												
>C5-EC7 (HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC7-EC8 (HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC8-EC10 (HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC10-EC12 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC12-EC16 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC16-EC21 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC21-EC35 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aromatics C5-35 (EH_CU+HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aliphatics and aromatics (C5-35) (EH_CU+HS_1D_Total) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Sulphate as SO ₄ #	41.7	14.6								<0.5	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Chloride #	40.9	22.6								<0.3	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Nitrate as NO ₃ #	7.5	12.8								<0.2	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Nitrite as NO ₂ #	<0.02	<0.02								<0.02	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Total Cyanide #	<0.01	<0.01								<0.01	mg/l	TM89/PM0
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N	0.29	0.02								<0.01	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Hexavalent Chromium	<0.002	<0.002								<0.002	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Total Dissolved Chromium III	<0.002	<0.002								<0.002	mg/l	NONE/NONE
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃ #	216	64								<1	mg/l	TM75/PM0
BOD (Settled) #	2	<1								<1	mg/l	TM58/PM0

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Shona Furlong Whitfield
EMT Job No: 25/7087

Report : Liquid

Liquids/products: V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle
H=H₂SO₄, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO₃

[illegible]

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Shona Furlong Whitfield
EMT Job No: 25/7087

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

QF-PM 3.1.3 v11 All solid results are expressed on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. 5 of 14

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Shona Furlong Whitfield
EMT Job No: 25/7087

VOC Report : Liquid

EMT Sample No.	1-10	11-20										
Sample ID	RC05	RC04										
Depth												
COC No / misc												
Containers	V H H N N P B O D G B C	V H H N N P B O D G B C										
Sample Date	30/04/2025 09:30	30/04/2025										
Sample Type	Ground Water	Ground Water										
Batch Number	1	1										
Date of Receipt	02/05/2025	02/05/2025										
	LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.									
VOC MS												
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether #	<0.1	<0.1								<0.1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chloromethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Vinyl Chloride #	<0.1	<0.1								<0.1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromomethane	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chloroethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Trichlorofluoromethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1 DCE) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Dichloromethane (DCM) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
trans-1-2-Dichloroethene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1-Dichloroethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
cis-1-2-Dichloroethene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
2,2-Dichloropropane	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromochloromethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chloroform #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1-Dichloropropene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Carbon tetrachloride #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dichloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Benzene #	<0.5	<0.5								<0.5	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Trichloroethene (TCE) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dichloropropane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Dibromomethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromodichloromethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
cis-1-3-Dichloropropene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Toluene #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM15/PM10
trans-1-3-Dichloropropene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Tetrachloroethene (PCE) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,3-Dichloropropane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Dibromochloromethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dibromoethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chlorobenzene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Ethylbenzene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
m/p-Xylene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
o-Xylene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Styrene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromoform #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Isopropylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<4	<4								<4	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromobenzene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,3-Trichloropropane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Propylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
2-Chlorotoluene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
4-Chlorotoluene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
tert-Butylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
sec-Butylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
4-Isopropyltoluene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,4-Dichlorobenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
n-Butylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dichlorobenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Hexachlorobutadiene	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Naphthalene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery Toluene D8	116	115								<0	%	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery 4-Bromofluorobenzene	102	100								<0	%	TM15/PM10

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Client Name:	Arup
Reference:	307174-05
Location:	Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact:	Shona Furlong Whitfield

Client Name:	Arup
Reference:	307174-05
Location:	Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact:	Shona Furlong Whitfield

Client Name:	Arup
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Client Name:	Arup
Reference:	307174-05
Location:	Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact:	Shona Furlong Whitfield

[illegible]

Please note that only samples that are deviating are mentioned in this report. If no samples are listed it is because none were deviating. Only analyses which are accredited are recorded as deviating if set criteria are not met.

It is a requirement under ISO 17025 that we inform clients if samples are deviating i.e. outside what is expected. A deviating sample indicates that the sample 'may' be compromised but not necessarily will be compromised. The result is still accredited and our analytical reports will still show accreditation on the relevant analytes.

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NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 25/7087

SOILS and ASH

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary. Asbestos samples are retained for 6 months.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C. Ash samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCl (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overestimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

STACK EMISSIONS

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation for Dioxins and Furans and Dioxin like PCBs has been performed on XAD-2 Resin, only samples which use this resin will be within our MCERTS scope.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a requirement of our Accreditation Body for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation.

Laboratory records are kept for a period of no less than 6 years.

REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

Customer Provided Information

Sample ID and depth is information provided by the customer.

Age of Diesel

The age of release estimation is based on the nC17/pristane ratio only as prescribed by Christensen and Larsen (1993) and Kaplan, Galperin, Alimi et al., (1996).

Age estimation should be treated with caution as it can be influenced by site specific factors of which the laboratory are not aware.

Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs)

Where Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) are reported, up to 10 Tentatively Identified Compounds will be listed where there is found to be a greater than 80% match with the NIST library. The reported concentration is determined semi-quantitatively, with a matrix specific limit of detection.

Note, other compounds may be present but are not reported.

ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED

#	ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK.
SA	ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa
B	Indicates analyte found in associated method blank.
DR	Dilution required.
M	MCERTS accredited.
NA	Not applicable
NAD	No Asbestos Detected.
ND	None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs).
NDP	No Determination Possible
SS	Calibrated against a single substance
SV	Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect.
W	Results expressed on as received basis.
+	AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page.
>>	Results above quantitative calibration range. The result should be considered the minimum value and is indicative only. The actual result could be significantly higher.
*	Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory.
CO	Suspected carry over
LOD/LOR	Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS
ME	Matrix Effect
NFD	No Fibres Detected
BS	AQC Sample
LB	Blank Sample
N	Client Sample
TB	Trip Blank Sample
OC	Outside Calibration Range

HWOL ACRONYMS AND OPERATORS USED

HS	Headspace Analysis.
EH	Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent.
CU	Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel.
1D	GC - Single coil gas chromatography.
Total	Aliphatics & Aromatics.
AL	Aliphatics only.
AR	Aromatics only.
2D	GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography.
#1	EH_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted
#2	EU_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted
_	Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +).
+	Operator to indicate cumulative e.g. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total
MS	Mass Spectrometry.

EMT Job No: 25/7087

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM16/PM30	Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE/Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM16/PM30	Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE/Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5/TM36	please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details	PM12/PM16/PM30	please refer to PM16/PM30 and PM12 for method details	Yes			
TM15	Modified USEPA 8260B v2:1996. Quantitative Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by Headspace GC-MS.	PM10	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.				
TM15	Modified USEPA 8260B v2:1996. Quantitative Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by Headspace GC-MS.	PM10	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes			
TM16	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014. Quantitative determination of Semi-Volatile Organic compounds (SVOCs) by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM16	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014. Quantitative determination of Semi-Volatile Organic compounds (SVOCs) by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			

EMT Job No: 25/7087

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM20	Modified BS 1377-3:1990/USEPA 160.1/3 (TDS/TS: 1971) Gravimetric determination of Total Dissolved Solids/Total Solids	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometry): WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996	PM14	Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified				
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometry): WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996	PM14	Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified	Yes			
TM36	Modified US EPA method 8015B v2:1996. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GC/FID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results will be re-run using GC-MS to double check, when requested.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes			
TM37	Modified methods: TSS: USEPA 100.2 (1993); EN612:2003 and APHA SMEWW 2540D:1999 22nd Edition; VSS: USEPA 1684 (Jan 2001), USEPA 160.4 (1971) and SMEWW 2540E:1999 22nd Edition. Gravimetric determination of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) and Volatile Suspended Solids (VSS). Sample is filtered through a 1.5um pore size glass fibre filter and the resulting residue is dried and weighed at 105°C for TSS and 550°C for VSS.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) - All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013	PM0	No preparation is required.				
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) - All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM57	Modified US EPA Method 410.4. (Rev. 2.0 1993) Comparable with ISO 15705:2002. Chemical Oxygen Demand is determined by hot digestion with Potassium Dichromate and measured spectrophotometrically.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM58	APHA SMEWW 5210B:1999 22nd Edition. Comparable with ISO 5815:1989. Measurement of Biochemical Oxygen Demand. When cBOD (Carbonaceous BOD) is requested a nitrification inhibitor is added which prevents the oxidation of reduced forms of nitrogen, such as am	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM75	Modified US EPA method 310.1 (1978). Determination of Alkalinity by Metrohm automated titration analyser.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			

EMT Job No: 25/7087

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM89	Modified USEPA method OIA-1667 (1999). Determination of cyanide by Flow Injection Analyser. Where WAD cyanides are required a Ligand displacement step is carried out before analysis.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
NONE	No Method Code	NONE	No Method Code				
Subcontracted	See attached subcontractor report for accreditation status and provider.						

Arup
50 Ringsend Road
Dublin 4
Ireland
D04 T6X0



4225



Attention : Shona Furlong Whitfield
Date : 16th May, 2025
Your reference : 307174-05
Our reference : Test Report 25/7088 Batch 1
Location : Indaver Ringaskiddy
Date samples received : 2nd May, 2025
Status : Final Report
Issue : 202505161110

Three samples were received for analysis on 2nd May, 2025 of which two were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.

All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

The greenhouse gas emissions generated (in Carbon – Co2e) to obtain the results in this report are estimated as:

Scope 1&2 emissions - 7.53 kg of CO2

Scope 1&2&3 emissions - 17.794 kg of CO2

Authorised By:



Bruce Leslie
Project Manager

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Shona Furlong Whitfield
EMT Job No: 25/7088

Report : Liquid

Liquids/products: V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle
 H=H₂SO₄, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO₃

EMT Sample No.	1-10	15-24											
Sample ID	RC03	BH2											
Depth													
COC No / misc													
Containers	V H H N P B O D G B C	V H H N P B O D G B C											
Sample Date	30/04/2025 16:20	30/04/2025 15:05											
Sample Type	Ground Water	Ground Water											
Batch Number	1	1											
Date of Receipt	02/05/2025	02/05/2025											
											LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
Dissolved Arsenic #	<0.9	<0.9									<0.9	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Barium #	2.0	9.5									<1.8	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Boron	22	37									<12	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Cadmium #	<0.03	0.30									<0.03	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Calcium #	30.6	63.0									<0.2	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Total Dissolved Chromium #	0.4	0.5									<0.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Copper #	<3	<3									<3	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Total Dissolved Iron #	<4.7	197.6									<4.7	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Lead #	<0.4	<0.4									<0.4	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Magnesium #	3.6	6.0									<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Manganese #	1.6	3.7									<1.5	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Mercury #	<0.5	<0.5									<0.5	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Molybdenum #	<0.2	0.3									<0.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Nickel #	0.3	0.8									<0.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Phosphorus #	6.5	196.2									<0.7	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Potassium #	2.6	2.6									<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Selenium #	<1.2	<1.2									<1.2	ug/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Sodium #	15.5	18.2									<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14
Dissolved Zinc #	4	34									<3	ug/l	TM30/PM14
PAH MS													
Naphthalene #	<0.1	<0.1									<0.1	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Acenaphthylene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Acenaphthene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Fluorene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Phenanthrene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Anthracene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Fluoranthene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Pyrene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(a)anthracene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Chrysene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(bk)fluoranthene #	<0.008	<0.008									<0.008	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(a)pyrene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Indeno(123cd)pyrene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Dibenzo(ah)anthracene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(ghi)perylene #	<0.005	<0.005									<0.005	ug/l	TM4/PM30
PAH 16 Total #	<0.173	<0.173									<0.173	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	<0.008	<0.008									<0.008	ug/l	TM4/PM30
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	<0.008	<0.008									<0.008	ug/l	TM4/PM30
PAH Surrogate % Recovery	73	76									<0	%	TM4/PM30
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether #	<0.1	<0.1									<0.1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Benzene #	<0.5	<0.5									<0.5	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Toluene #	<5	<5									<5	ug/l	TM15/PM10

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Shona Furlong Whitfield
EMT Job No: 25/7088

Report : Liquid

Liquids/products: V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle
 H=H₂SO₄, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO₃

EMT Sample No.	1-10	15-24										
Sample ID	RC03	BH2										
Depth												
COC No / misc												
Containers	V H H N P B O D G B C	V H H N P B O D G B C										
Sample Date	30/04/2025 16:20	30/04/2025 15:05										
Sample Type	Ground Water	Ground Water										
Batch Number	1	1										
Date of Receipt	02/05/2025	02/05/2025										
										LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
Ethylbenzene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
m/p-Xylene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
o-Xylene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery Toluene D8	121	118								<0	%	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery 4-Bromofluorobenzene	104	101								<0	%	TM15/PM10
EPH (C8-C40) (EH_1D_Total) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM30
Mineral Oil (C10-C40)	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
TPH CWG												
Aliphatics												
>C5-C6 (HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C6-C8 (HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C8-C10 (HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C10-C12 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C12-C16 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C16-C21 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C21-C35 (EH_CU_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aliphatics C5-35 (EH_CU+HS_1D_AL) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Aromatics												
>C5-EC7 (HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC7-EC8 (HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC8-EC10 (HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC10-EC12 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC12-EC16 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC16-EC21 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC21-EC35 (EH_CU_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aromatics C5-35 (EH_CU+HS_1D_AR) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aliphatics and aromatics (C5-35) (EH_CU+HS_1D_Total) #	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Sulphate as SO ₄ #	7.3	11.2								<0.5	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Chloride #	22.3	24.9								<0.3	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Nitrate as NO ₃ #	6.0	14.6								<0.2	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Nitrite as NO ₂ #	<0.02	0.03								<0.02	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Total Cyanide #	<0.01	<0.01								<0.01	mg/l	TM89/PM0
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N	0.02	0.18								<0.01	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Hexavalent Chromium	<0.002	<0.002								<0.002	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Total Dissolved Chromium III	<0.002	<0.002								<0.002	mg/l	NONE/NONE
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃ #	92	150								<1	mg/l	TM75/PM0
BOD (Settled) #	<1	2								<1	mg/l	TM58/PM0

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Client Name: Arup
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Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
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EMT Job No: 25/7088

Liquids/products: V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle
H=H₂SO₄, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO₃

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
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Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

QF-PM 3.1.3 v11 All solid results are expressed on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. 5 of 14

Client Name: Arup
Reference: 307174-05
Location: Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact: Shona Furlong Whitfield
EMT Job No: 25/7088

VOC Report : Liquid

EMT Sample No.	1-10	15-24										
Sample ID	RC03	BH2										
Depth												
COC No / misc												
Containers	V H N N P B O D G B C	V H N N P B O D G B C										
Sample Date	30/04/2025 16:20	30/04/2025 15:05										
Sample Type	Ground Water	Ground Water										
Batch Number	1	1										
Date of Receipt	02/05/2025	02/05/2025										
	LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.									
VOC MS												
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether #	<0.1	<0.1								<0.1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chloromethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Vinyl Chloride #	<0.1	<0.1								<0.1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromomethane	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chloroethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Trichlorofluoromethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1 DCE) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Dichloromethane (DCM) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
trans-1-2-Dichloroethene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1-Dichloroethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
cis-1-2-Dichloroethene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
2,2-Dichloropropane	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromochloromethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chloroform #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1-Dichloropropene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Carbon tetrachloride #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dichloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Benzene #	<0.5	<0.5								<0.5	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Trichloroethene (TCE) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dichloropropane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Dibromomethane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromodichloromethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
cis-1-3-Dichloropropene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Toluene #	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM15/PM10
trans-1-3-Dichloropropene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,2-Trichloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Tetrachloroethene (PCE) #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,3-Dichloropropane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Dibromochloromethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dibromoethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Chlorobenzene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Ethylbenzene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
m/p-Xylene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
o-Xylene #	<1	<1								<1	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Styrene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromoform #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Isopropylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<4	<4								<4	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Bromobenzene #	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,3-Trichloropropane #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Propylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
2-Chlorotoluene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
4-Chlorotoluene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
tert-Butylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
sec-Butylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
4-Isopropyltoluene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,4-Dichlorobenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
n-Butylbenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dichlorobenzene #	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Hexachlorobutadiene	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Naphthalene	<2	<2								<2	ug/l	TM15/PM10
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	<3	<3								<3	ug/l	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery Toluene D8	121	118								<0	%	TM15/PM10
Surrogate Recovery 4-Bromofluorobenzene	104	101								<0	%	TM15/PM10

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

Client Name:	Arup
Reference:	307174-05
Location:	Indaver Ringaskiddy
Contact:	Shona Furlong Whitfield

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[illegible]

Please note that only samples that are deviating are mentioned in this report. If no samples are listed it is because none were deviating. Only analyses which are accredited are recorded as deviating if set criteria are not met.

It is a requirement under ISO 17025 that we inform clients if samples are deviating i.e. outside what is expected. A deviating sample indicates that the sample 'may' be compromised but not necessarily will be compromised. The result is still accredited and our analytical reports will still show accreditation on the relevant analytes.

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NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 25/7088

SOILS and ASH

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary. Asbestos samples are retained for 6 months.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C. Ash samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCl (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overestimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

STACK EMISSIONS

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation for Dioxins and Furans and Dioxin like PCBs has been performed on XAD-2 Resin, only samples which use this resin will be within our MCERTS scope.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a requirement of our Accreditation Body for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation.

Laboratory records are kept for a period of no less than 6 years.

REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

Customer Provided Information

Sample ID and depth is information provided by the customer.

Age of Diesel

The age of release estimation is based on the nC17/pristane ratio only as prescribed by Christensen and Larsen (1993) and Kaplan, Galperin, Alimi et al., (1996).

Age estimation should be treated with caution as it can be influenced by site specific factors of which the laboratory are not aware.

Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs)

Where Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) are reported, up to 10 Tentatively Identified Compounds will be listed where there is found to be a greater than 80% match with the NIST library. The reported concentration is determined semi-quantitatively, with a matrix specific limit of detection.

Note, other compounds may be present but are not reported.

ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED

#	ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK.
SA	ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa
B	Indicates analyte found in associated method blank.
DR	Dilution required.
M	MCERTS accredited.
NA	Not applicable
NAD	No Asbestos Detected.
ND	None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs).
NDP	No Determination Possible
SS	Calibrated against a single substance
SV	Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect.
W	Results expressed on as received basis.
+	AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page.
>>	Results above quantitative calibration range. The result should be considered the minimum value and is indicative only. The actual result could be significantly higher.
*	Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory.
CO	Suspected carry over
LOD/LOR	Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS
ME	Matrix Effect
NFD	No Fibres Detected
BS	AQC Sample
LB	Blank Sample
N	Client Sample
TB	Trip Blank Sample
OC	Outside Calibration Range

HWOL ACRONYMS AND OPERATORS USED

HS	Headspace Analysis.
EH	Extractable Hydrocarbons - i.e. everything extracted by the solvent.
CU	Clean-up - e.g. by florisil, silica gel.
1D	GC - Single coil gas chromatography.
Total	Aliphatics & Aromatics.
AL	Aliphatics only.
AR	Aromatics only.
2D	GC-GC - Double coil gas chromatography.
#1	EH_Total but with humics mathematically subtracted
#2	EU_Total but with fatty acids mathematically subtracted
_	Operator - underscore to separate acronyms (exception for +).
+	Operator to indicate cumulative e.g. EH+HS_Total or EH_CU+HS_Total
MS	Mass Spectrometry.

EMT Job No: 25/7088

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM16/PM30	Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE/Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM16/PM30	Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE/Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5/TM36	please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details	PM12/PM16/PM30	please refer to PM16/PM30 and PM12 for method details	Yes			
TM15	Modified USEPA 8260B v2:1996. Quantitative Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by Headspace GC-MS.	PM10	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.				
TM15	Modified USEPA 8260B v2:1996. Quantitative Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by Headspace GC-MS.	PM10	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes			
TM16	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014. Quantitative determination of Semi-Volatile Organic compounds (SVOCs) by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM16	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014. Quantitative determination of Semi-Volatile Organic compounds (SVOCs) by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			

EMT Job No: 25/7088

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM20	Modified BS 1377-3:1990/USEPA 160.1/3 (TDS/TS: 1971) Gravimetric determination of Total Dissolved Solids/Total Solids	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometry): WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996	PM14	Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified				
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometry): WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP 6010B, Rev.2, Dec.1996; Modified EPA Method 3050B, Rev.2, Dec.1996	PM14	Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified	Yes			
TM36	Modified US EPA method 8015B v2:1996. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GC/FID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results will be re-run using GC-MS to double check, when requested.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes			
TM37	Modified methods: TSS: USEPA 100.2 (1993); EN612:2003 and APHA SMEWW 2540D:1999 22nd Edition; VSS: USEPA 1684 (Jan 2001), USEPA 160.4 (1971) and SMEWW 2540E:1999 22nd Edition. Gravimetric determination of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) and Volatile Suspended Solids (VSS). Sample is filtered through a 1.5um pore size glass fibre filter and the resulting residue is dried and weighed at 105°C for TSS and 550°C for VSS.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) - All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013	PM0	No preparation is required.				
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993) - All anions comparable to BS ISO 15923-1: 2013	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM57	Modified US EPA Method 410.4. (Rev. 2.0 1993) Comparable with ISO 15705:2002. Chemical Oxygen Demand is determined by hot digestion with Potassium Dichromate and measured spectrophotometrically.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM58	APHA SMEWW 5210B:1999 22nd Edition. Comparable with ISO 5815:1989. Measurement of Biochemical Oxygen Demand. When cBOD (Carbonaceous BOD) is requested a nitrification inhibitor is added which prevents the oxidation of reduced forms of nitrogen, such as am	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM75	Modified US EPA method 310.1 (1978). Determination of Alkalinity by Metrohm automated titration analyser.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			

EMT Job No: 25/7088

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM89	Modified USEPA method OIA-1667 (1999). Determination of cyanide by Flow Injection Analyser. Where WAD cyanides are required a Ligand displacement step is carried out before analysis.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
NONE	No Method Code	NONE	No Method Code				
Subcontracted	See attached subcontractor report for accreditation status and provider.						